

# Android Security Product Testing

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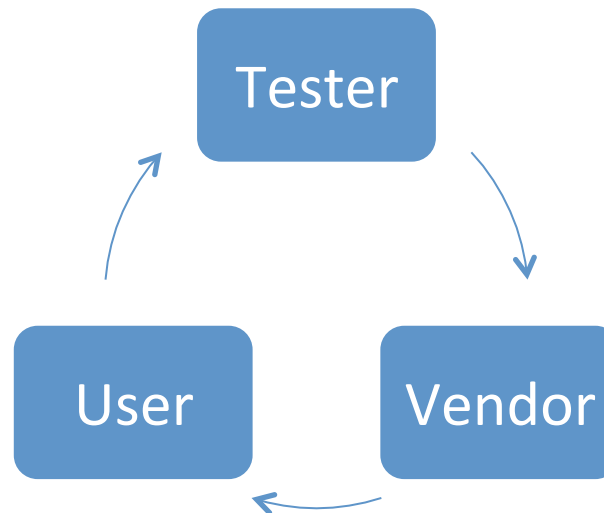
<http://www.av-test.org>

# Content

- Motivation
- Why Android?
- Good and Bad Points of Current Tests
- What really matters
- AV-TEST approach

# Motivation

- Three interest groups with conflicting interests and opinions



# Motivation

- Users don't know about threat details
- Users don't care about testing methodologies
- Users just want to be secure and want to know which program they should use
- Many Smartphone users are less technically savvy than many PC users

# Motivation

- Vendors don't want to fail the tests
- Especially not because of errors in the methodology or sample selection
- Vendors want good technical tests (see AMTSO guidelines)
- Vendors want results for technical improvements but also for marketing purposes

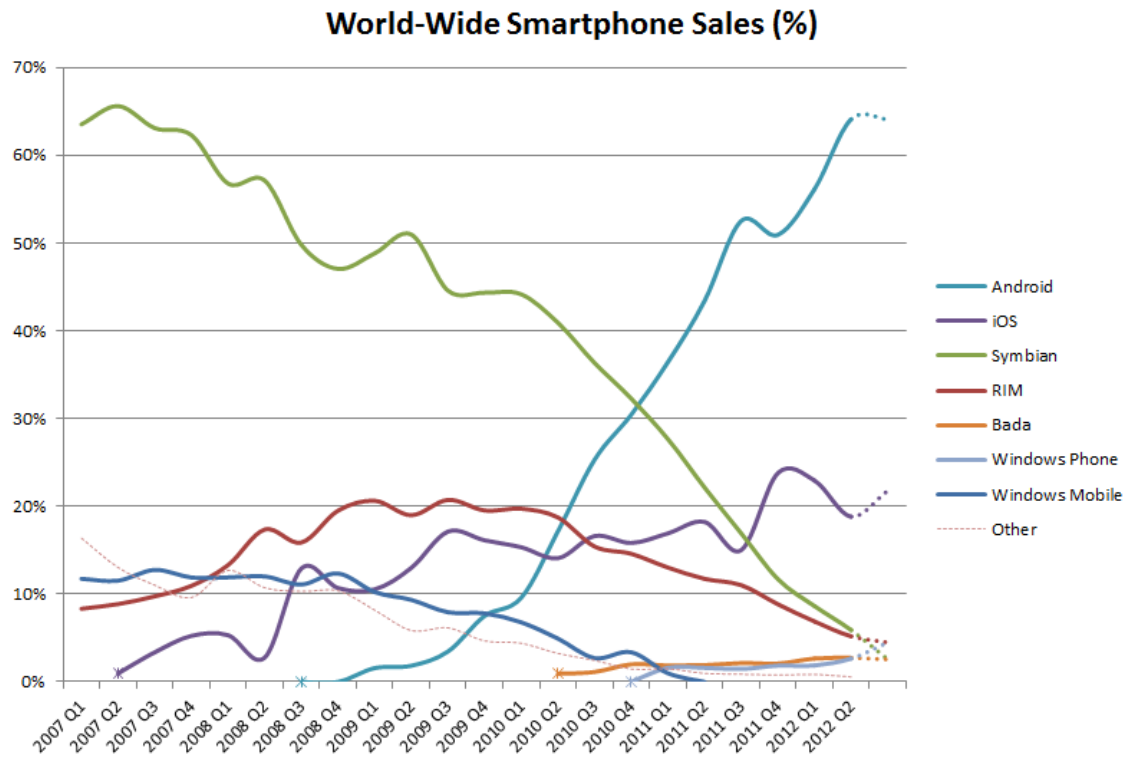
# Motivation

- Testers originally wanted to answer users questions
- Testers have to technically improve their tests more and more to meet the strict expectations of vendors
  - For the good tests (from good testers) this doesn't change much to the results, but adds more complexity to the methodology and makes results harder to understand
- Testers have moved the focus from users to the vendor, making many tests virtually useless for the user

# Motivation

- Changing PC Security testing is difficult to do for historic reasons, only small steps are possible
- Android as a new platform, different user base, with new threats and scenarios is the perfect platform to change testing and make it right
- Answer users questions (and at the same time fulfill technical expectations of vendors)

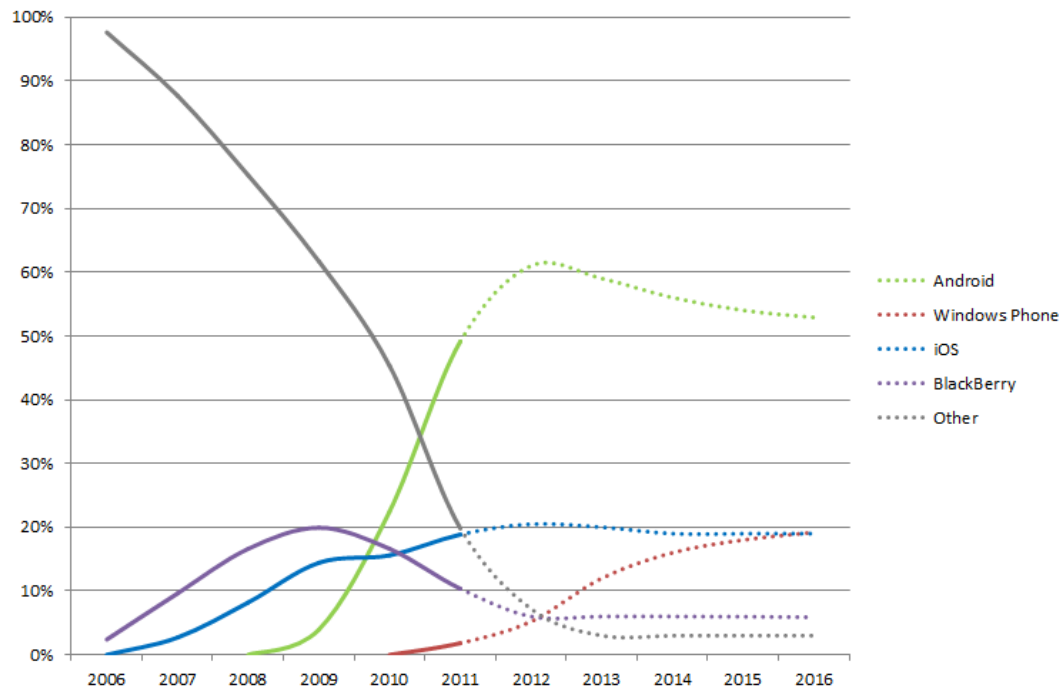
# Why Android?





# Why Android?

World-Wide Smartphone market share outlook (%)



# Why Android?

- Android is popular because
  - Cheap and easy to use for vendors
  - It is very open and customizable
  - Lots of apps and lots of (regional) markets
- Also popular among malware authors
  - Open markets
  - A huge user base
  - The only modern mobile OS that can be used for their purposes

# Good and Bad Points of Current Tests

- There have already been several tests for Android Security Software
- They have been mostly inspired by the traditional PC testing
  - AV-TEST
    - “Are free Android virus scanners any good?” November 2011
    - “Test Report: Anti-Malware solutions for Android” March 2012
  - West Coast Labs
    - “Custom Test Report - NQ Mobile Inc.” October 2011
    - “Mobile Security Technology Report” October 2011
  - AV-Comparatives
    - “Mobile Review” August 2010 [5]
    - “Mobile Review” August 2011 [6]
    - “Mobile Security Review” September 2012 [7]

# Good and Bad Points of Current Tests

- Only very few specific questions are answered
  - Which program protects best against malicious apps?
  - Which free security apps are useless?
  - Which apps do have further security features?
- The main question is not answered by any report:  
Which apps protect me best from all the security threats?

# Good and Bad Points of Current Tests

- There are errors or at least problems in the methodology, the sample selection and the display of results for some of the reports
- User questions are not answered and furthermore the data and results are not reliable, sometimes there is not even real data
- But both expectations have to be met:
  - Technical correct tests
  - Tests that are focusing on user demands

# Good and Bad Points of Current Tests

- Limited testing criteria
  - Any detection test should be accompanied by a false positive test
  - There is more to test than just malware detection
    - Performance, Anti-Theft, Encryption, Backup etc. are important as well
    - PUA vs. false positive vs. malware problem
  - Wrong focus
    - Is malware detection the most important feature?

# Good and Bad Points of Current Tests

- Bad testing methodology
  - When testing malware detection, it should be feature independent
    - Some products don't provide an on-demand scan, but still protect the user with
  - Results are meaningless when they are all the same for all products
  - No comparative testing of certain features, instead describing the feature
    - Can these features be tested comparatively at all?

# Good and Bad Points of Current Tests

- Bad documentation of the test
  - Missing version information or product details
  - Unclear methodology
  - Unclear sample set



# Good and Bad Points of Current Tests

- Bad sample set
  - Sample set is too small
  - Samples are too old or not prevalent or both
  - No detailed information about the sample set is given
    - Sample set may be distorted
      - 1000 samples split into 10 families with 100 samples each
      - 1000 samples split into 10 families, where one family has 950 samples and the other 50 samples are distributed among the remaining 9 families
      - If a product detects that one family particularly well it will score good

# Good and Bad Points of Current Tests

	Samples	Product A	Product B
Fakeinstallers	900	900	0
Other families	100	0	100
Final Result	1000	90%	10%

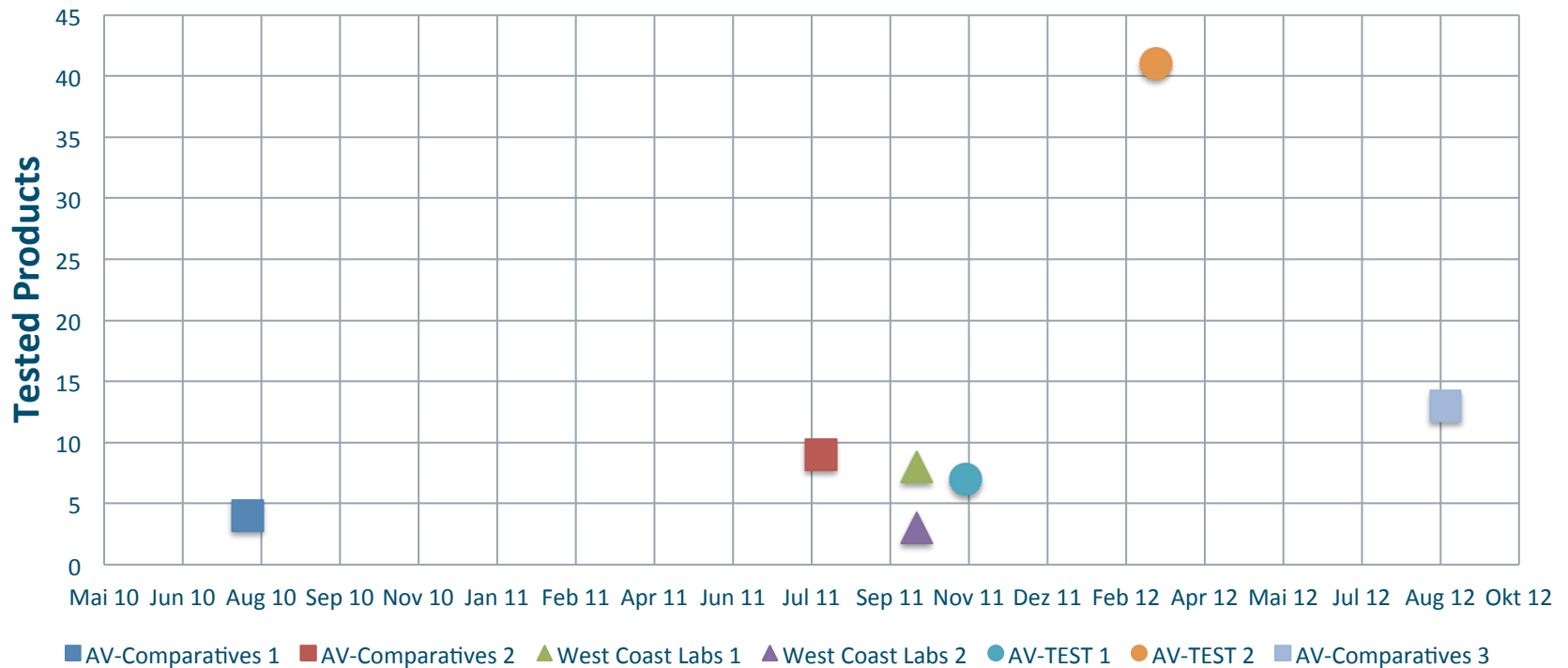
# Good and Bad Points of Current Tests

- Wrong product selection
  - Important products are missing
    - The results of the products cannot be realistically rated, as the winner of the test might still be worse than the missing product
  - Too few products tested
    - If the product the user is looking for/using is missing, then the test doesn't help him
  - Comparing apples to oranges
    - A mediocre product will always look good compared to a fake product
    - Different products have different features

# Good and Bad Points of Current Tests

- Bad Timing
  - Tests are quickly outdated
    - Threat Landscape and overall mobile landscape changes fast and often
    - Lots of new malware samples evolve daily
    - So the products change fast and often as well
  - Therefore up-to-date tests are necessary as well as regular tests to show the development of the products and to make sure the vendors are able to consistently react to the new problems

# Good and Bad Points of Current Tests



# Good and Bad Points of Current Tests

- Results don't help the user to choose the right product
  - Do these tests answer the questions of the user at all?
    - All products achieve more or less the same results
    - There are no comparable results at all, just plain descriptions
    - There are testing criteria missing, only certain features/scenarios are tested
    - There are too many plain results, interpreting them is hard to impossible for normal user

# What really matters

- What happens when I lose my phone?
  - Can I get it back?
    - Anti-Theft (Locate Device)
  - Is my data safe?
    - Remote Wipe
    - Remote Lock
    - Encryption
  - Can I get my data back?
    - Online Backup

# What really matters

- Is my privacy ensured?
  - Which apps spy on me and can security software tell me and protect me?



# What really matters

- Is malware a problem for me?
  - Malware Detection rates
  - I like free games, but they are reported as bad
    - PUA vs. malware

# What really matters

- I want to protect my child from inappropriate content on the phone.
  - Parental Control

# What really matters

- Will the security app eat all my battery or download bandwidth?
  - Measuring impact on battery life and downloads

# What really matters

- Where do I find recent test results of my product or of all the good important products?
  - Required to perform regular tests to always have up-to-date results of the recent product versions
  - Include as many products as possible

# What really matters

- Has this product always been so good/bad?
  - Again regular tests, so the user could look through the history and watch the development of a product.

# AV-TEST Approach

- One obvious approach to solve the problem is quantity:
  - Test as many products as possible
  - Test as many aspects of the products as possible
  - Test as many scenarios/samples as possible
  - Perform the tests as often as possible
- Together with quality in methodology and sample selection

# AV-TEST Approach

- That is only half of the story
- Generating all the data is necessary but not enough
- No user could dig through all the raw data
- Interpretation of the data, according to certain real scenarios has to be done

# AV-TEST Approach

- Timing
  - We will test and publish results every second month
  - This ensures up-to-date and regular results
- Product Selection
  - The 20-30 most important vendors will be included to cover 99% of the users



# AV-TEST Approach

- Basic Information in the report
  - Version information about tested products
  - Description of sample set (size, age, families)
  - Description of methodology

# AV-TEST Approach

- Actual testing criteria
  - Malware detection rates
    - Including PUA (e.g. aggressive adware)
  - False positive rates
  - Performance impact
    - Battery drainage
    - Download bandwidth
  - Further security features

# AV-TEST Approach

- From the different testing criteria it will be possible to derive answers for users questions
- Different user groups and their different demands can be considered

# AV-TEST Approach

- Ultimately providing two different answers
  1. AV-TEST certifies products that perform overall good and are a good choice for most of the scenarios
  2. AV-TEST will provide the best fitting products for certain demands
    - Which product is able to help me when my phone is lost?
    - Which product protects my child from inappropriate content on the phone?

# Thank you for your attention!

## Questions?

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